hr trends research 2019

randstad czech republic





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introduction.



- The second edition of the Randstad HR trends report offers insights into various trends and developments impacting the human resources and recruitment practices in the Czech Republic.
- The key themes include attracting talent, human capital strategy, recruiting practices and talent retention.
- From January to April 2019, 208 decision makers and HR executives from a variety of industries in the Czech Republic completed the survey.

executive summary.

- Half of the surveyed companies plan to hire people for permanent positions and 34% plan to recruit people for temporary positions in 2019.
- Most of the new hiring is expected to be made within the production, sales or IT/technology departments.
- Offering a very competitive salary package is considered to be the key element for attracting talent.
- Employee referrals are considered the most efficient source to hire new personnel, while the second one is considered to be job boards.
- Previous experience in the industry and the lack of soft skills (communication, teamwork, and team management) are the most common barriers faced by companies when trying to find the right people.
- During 2018, salaries increased by 75% of the responding companies, and only 70% say the salaries they offer are in line with their competitors



attracting

talent.

attracting top talent

companies' ability to attract top talent remained the same as in previous year.

- Similarly to the previous year, the companies consider that offering a very competitive salary package is the most important element in attracting top talent.
- A strong employer brand is also in top three key elements that companies are using in order to attract new talent this year.
- The companies are optimistic about their ability to attract talent, ranking themselves as 7 on a scale from 1 to 10.

companies' ability to attract top talent



on a scale from 1 to 10, where 1 signifies "poor" and 10 signifies "excellent"

key elements to attract top talent

	2018	2019
	2018	2019
a very competitive salary package	61%	62%
flexible work policies/good work-life balance	55%	51%
strong employer brand	49%	50%
a very attractive employee value proposition	35%	44%
a clear and purposeful mission	43%	41%
high job security	44%	35%
good international opportunities	20%	15%
other	1%	3%



reasons for failing to attract the right talent.

	2018	2019
uncompetitive salary and benefits	55%	61%
weak employer brand	33%	32%
lack of internal career opportunities	35%	32%
industry is less appealing	27%	27%
unappealing work environment	26%	26%
lack of flexible work options	26%	26%
ongoing talent shortages	35%	23%
poor leadership	27%	17%
ineffective recruitment strategies	28%	16%
lack of corporate direction, vision or purpose	15%	15%
lack of opportunities for creativity	19%	15%
lack of corporate social responsibility	8%	7%
other	2%	3%

- The companies are aware that uncompetitive salary or benefits and a weak employer brand are the main reasons for limiting their ability to attract talent.
- Factors such as lack of opportunities to apply creativity and lack of CSR activities are considered barriers by a relatively small share of respondents.



human capital



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expected business growth in 2019

one in two respondents expect their business to grow.



- The number of companies that expect their business to grow almost doubled, with 56% of respondents in 2019 and 27% of respondents in 2018.
- As compared with the previous year when only 2% of the companies expected a business growth of over 10%, this year, 26% of companies are expecting the same business rate growth.
- 38% of respondents foresee stability, while 6% expect their business to decrease in 2019.



main HR challenges for participating companies.



- Almost half of the surveyed companies consider that retaining top performers is their main HR challenge in 2019.
- A decrease for workplace inclusivity is noticed this year, with only 5% of respondents selecting it, as compared to last year when 40% of respondents considered it as being an important HR challenge.
- Internal/external mobility is considered as being the least important challenge for companies.

major human resources challenges

	2018	2019
retaining top performers	50%	49%
increasing performance and productivity	27%	41%
managing expectations on compensations and benefits	34%	38%
attracting talent for the next phase of growth	31%	30%
developing talented leaders	21%	25%
shortage of local talent	18%	25%
avoid losing top talent to competitors	26%	24%
employer branding	9%	24%
keeping employees well informed	26%	21%
managing skill shortage	27%	20%
creating an open and flexible environment	19%	19%
internal/external mobility	8%	9%
managing internal change programs	7%	5%
workplace inclusivity	40%	5%

addressing skill shortages

industry working experience is reported as being the main impediment during the recruitment process.

main impediments during recruitment process

actions to address skill shortages

	2018	2019		2018	2019
industry working experience	59%	55%	improve salary/benefits package	45%	42%
lack of soft skills	25%	30%	education and training programs	42%	40%
lack of foreign languages skills	34%	25%	increase use of externally hired contractors	22%	27%
ethical issues (values, attitude, culture)	18%	22%	offer more flexible work options to employees	27%	26%
required years of working experience	25%	20%	hire talent from other countries	27%	23%
specific educational skills	25%	19%	hire more part-time workers	15%	19%
management tools experience	15%	7%	outsource business functions	15%	11%
international experience	6%	3%	my organisation is not impacted by skill shortages	12%	8%

the total is more than 100% because more than one answer is possible.



recruitment intentions of participating companies

half of the respondents plan to hire permanent personnel during 2019.

temporary employees



permanent employees

main reasons for new hires

	2018	2019
staff turnover	25%	59%
national/international growth of the company	24%	42%
market (economy) growth	23%	36%
launch of new department/new product	20%	32%
need for new skills in the organization	18%	29%
investment plans	10%	19%
employee retirement	13%	13%
business diversification	3%	3%



hiring plans.

by department.

production

sales

IT/technology

engineering

accounting/finance

HR/training/development

procurement

marketing/communications

legal

other



51%

• The reasons for hiring new people remain similar to last year, with respondents selecting stuff turnover as the main reason for recruiting personnel, followed by the growth of the company on national/international level.

51%

of companies will make future hiring within the production department. An increase in headcount is also likely to happen in the sales and IT/technology departments.

72%

2019 2018 of the respondents are willing to pay more in order to retain or attract new talent



attraction & retention through improving salaries

32% of respondents are willing to raise salaries by maximum 5% to attract or retain talent.

how much more will you be willing to pay in order to retain or attract talent?



- Most of the companies are prepared to increase the salaries offered in their company by a maximum of 15%, in order to attract & retain talent.
- Top departments in which the respondents are willing to pay more in order to retain or attract talent are production, engineering and IT/technology.

departments in which respondents are willing to pay more in order to retain talent



recruitment

practices.

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leadership competencies for managers

being able to motivate and inspire the team is the most desired leadership skill for a manager.



- 75% of the respondents consider that a manager has to be able to motivate the team.
- Having a vision for the future is considered to be less important this year, being selected by a smaller number of respondents. On the other hand, the need for being able to adapt to changing business demands is higher than last year.



sources used to recruit talent

recommendations from current employees remain the leading recruitment source.



- Employee referrals, job boards and company website are the most used recruitment methods in 2019. 74% of surveyed companies continue to rely on employee referral programs as their leading recruitment strategy.
- Compared to 2018, for company website and social networks, there is registered a decrease of 15%, respectively 19% in terms of how effective respondents find them to be.
- Moreover, the preference for public employment services and print advertising decreased by 25%, respectively 19% in 2019.

practices in the hiring process

face-to-face & competency-based interviews remain as leading hiring practices.



top 3 = proportion of respondents who indicated this aspect within their top three most important. It does not add up to 100% because more than one answer is possible.

- Over half of the surveyed companies selected face-to-face interviews as the most important hiring practice for them, while 95% of the respondents ranked it among their top three practices.
- Competency-based and credit/verification remain essential in selecting the right candidate, most of the respondents selecting these two practices as being in their top three most important hiring practices.
- Although only 9% of respondents said that reference checks are most important for them, over 42% of the respondents placed these within their top 3 hiring practices.

talent

retention.



reasons why employees leave the company

receiving a better offer elsewhere is the main reason why employees leave.



received a better offer

to pursue a different career path

more opportunities for career improvement elsewhere

the workload is too heavy

no work-life balance

relocating

poor relationship with direct report

did not feel supported by management

limited to no leadership direction or vision

other*

the total is more than 100% because more than one answer is possible. *other includes I don't know and lack of corporate reputation and trust.



- Over three-quarters of the respondents reported that salaries increased in their companies in the past 12 months. A similar proportion of respondents (70%) believe that the salaries they offer are in line with their competitors.
- According to those surveyed, competitive salary and additional leave days are considered to be the most effective benefits that a company can leverage to retain talent. As for life insurance, paid parental leave and medical insurance are considered less important.

benefits.

most effective benefitsbenefits offered by participating companies			
80%	competitive salary	72%	
65%	additional leave days	69%	
64%	flexible working options	61%	
57%	bonuses/individual performance bonuses	63%	
56%	career development	60%	
40%	training	68%	
38%	lunch subsidies	55%	
32%	profit sharing	25%	
31%	non-financial rewards/recognition	52%	
28%	health and wellness programs	44%	
25%	pension plan	37%	
18%	life insurance	27%	
14%	paid parental leave/childcare benefits	14%	
8%	medical insurance/disability insurance	14%	

respondent



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summary.

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- The Randstad 2019 HR trends and salary report presents data gathered from companies located in the Czech Republic and operate in a variety of industries.
- The most represented sectors are industrial/manufacturing, automotive and IT/technology, together covering 40% of the sample.
- Organisations employing more than 1,000 people represent 17% of the sample.
- Almost half of the respondents work in the HR department. Also, 91% of the respondents have a decisional or recommending role in the recruitment process.
- For the research, analysis and design of this report, Randstad partners with Evalueserve, a global market research and analytics firm (www.evalueserve.com).



respondent profile

by sector.

17% industrial/ manufacturing	13% automotive	10% IT/technology	
business services			8%
retail & distribution			6%
construction			6%
education & social services			5%
transportation & logistics			4%
financial services/ba		4%	
entertainment/hospitality/tourism			4%
food industry			3%
engineering			3%
FMCG			3%
pharmaceutical/chemical			2%
healthcare/medical			2%
advertising/marketing/PR			2%
other			5%

respondent profile

by the size of the company.







I am the primary decision maker 61% I make recommendations 30% I am involved in the process but 5% with no significant influence I am not involved in the 4% recruitment process

46%

of respondents are part of the HR departments of their companies, while 40% of the respondents are either in the general management or in the finance department.

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human forward.

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